

Name: _____

Chapter 14 Video Guide for Connecting With The Past

Big Idea Questions	Guided Notes	Areas of Concern
<p>What does lame-duck period mean?</p> <p>What else is April 12 a significant day?</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">The Secession Crisis</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">⊙ December 20, 1860 – South Carolina convention voted to secede<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 6 others followed by _____, 1861• Buchanan did little to stop secession in his lame-duck period⊙ _____ Compromise:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Proposed new Constitutional Amendments:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Guarantee slavery where it was; re-establish _____ line in all US territory (where it was in 1860 and the future)• _____ (Lincoln) did not support the plan<ul style="list-style-type: none">• A key part of their platform was the _____⊙ Fort Sumter:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Confederate leaders ordered the capture of the fort (SC)• _____, firing began, on the 14th, the fort surrendered⊙ As Lincoln mobilized for war, 4 more southern states withdrew<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 4 slave states remained in the Union (_____):<ul style="list-style-type: none">• _____⊙ Note: at the beginning of the war, Lincoln fought “to _____,” NOT TO END SLAVERY⊙ Northern Advantages:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Larger population (2 times as much as the South)• More industry and war production• Advanced _____⊙ Southern Advantages:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fighting a defensive war (knew land better)• Most of white population was united• Better _____ leadership <p style="text-align: center;">The Mobilization of the North</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">⊙ Economics during the war:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• _____ (1862) – provided _____ acres of land for settlers to move west for a small fee after _____ years• Morrill Land Grant (1862) – federal land was given to states to use for financing education<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Led to new colleges and universities (_____)• _____ were raised to highest level in history to that point	

<p>What famous individual's father hired a substitute for \$300?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Republicans dominated Congress, wanted to _____ tariff rates • Railroad subsidies for transcontinental railroad <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • _____ – met in 1869 • National Bank Acts – banks could join and issue treasury notes <p>⊙ How did the country finance the war?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • _____ and borrowing \$ - _____ <p>⊙ _____:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Congress instituted a draft • Wealthy individuals could hire substitutes for \$ _____ • The Civil War was seen as a “ _____.” 	
<p>What does habeas corpus mean?</p>	<p>⊙ _____:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 100 + deaths over 4 day span <p>⊙ Executive power during the war increased drastically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lincoln sent troops into battle and increased military size without Congressional approval • Suspended habeas corpus (only _____ can) and shut down newspapers in Maryland <p>⊙ Election of 1864:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lincoln v. George McClellan (former Union general) • Lincoln won electoral vote in landslide, close popular vote <p>⊙ Early Emancipation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Confiscation Act (1861) – slaves used in Southern _____ effort would be considered free • 1862 law abolished slavery in DC • Confiscation Act (1862) – president could use freed slaves as _____ <p>⊙ Emancipation Proclamation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Executive order to free all slaves in areas of the Confederacy that _____ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Did _____ include areas under Union control nor the border states • Changed the war effort to end slavery in addition to preserving the Union • Helped keep _____ from siding on behalf of the South 	
<p>Have you seen the movie “Glory?”</p>	<p>⊙ African Americans during the war:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Escaped slaves were considered “ _____ ” and would not be returned • Black enlistment increased post-Emancipation Proclamation • 54th Infantry – black soldiers that fought for the North <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “ _____ ” • Unfortunately, black soldiers were _____ and often did arduous manual labor <p>⊙ Women and the War:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Most women entered _____ 	

- National Women's Loyal League (1863)
 - Founded by Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Susan B. Anthony hoped to eliminate slavery and gain
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The Mobilization of the South

- ⊙ Government of the Confederacy:
 - Most power resided in _____
 - President – Jefferson Davis, Vice-President – _____
- ⊙ Confederate Economics:
 - No uniform currency system led to high inflation – _____% during the war!
- ⊙ The Confederate government authorized the impressment of slaves and a “_____”
- ⊙ The role of Southern women changed drastically:
 - Wives were put in charge of farming as husbands fought
 - Widowed women had to _____ to support themselves and families

Strategy and Diplomacy

- ⊙ The South had better military leadership than the North
 - Ulysses S. Grant was not in charge of the war effort until March _____
- ⊙ Northern navy was vastly superior to the Southern navy
 - North _____ the South
 - Navy aided in transportation of supplies and troops

The Course of Battle

- ⊙ 618,000 American died in the war
- ⊙ Key Battles:
 - _____:
 - Bloodiest day of the war, led to Emancipation Proclamation
 - Gettysburg:
 - July 1-3, 1863, led to the....
- ⊙ Gettysburg Address:
 - Issued on November 19, 1863
 - Dedicated the battlefield as a cemetery
 - Referenced the _____
 - 4 score and 7 years ago (87 years ago)
- ⊙ _____:
 - Destroyed land and supplies of the South
 - “War is Hell”
- ⊙ Appomattox Courthouse:
 - Surrender of General Lee on April 9, 1865