Name:	
APUSH Review: Metacom's (King Philip's) War	

Big Idea	Guided Notes	Areas of Concern
Questions	King Philip's War and the APUSH Curriculum	
	King Fillip 5 War and the AFOSH Curriculum	
	 Key Concept 2.1, III, E. "British conflicts with American Indians over land, resources, and political boundaries led to military confrontations, such as Metacom's War (King Philip's War) in New England." Page 32 of the curriculum framework 	
	Key Ideas Before the War	
What did the Wampanoags help colonists in Plymouth do?	 Massasoit was the leader of the Wampanoag Indians and maintained peace with the His son, Metacom, called King Philip by colonists, became chief in 1662 Like his father, Metacom sought to continue living in harmony with 	
	 However, colonial (from Plymouth colony also) led Metacom to resist the encroachment By the mid 1670s, Natives were outnumbered by colonists, 50,000 to 	
	The War (1675 – 1678)	
What does encroachment mean?	 In 1675, 3 Wampanoags were in Plymouth Metacom allied with neighboring tribes and attacked towns in New England 	
	 Initially, Metacom's side was Colonists were pushed back east towards the coast 	
	 The Indians provided aid to the colonists This developed into an alliance with New York 	
	Effects of the War	
	In 1678, the war endedMetacom was	
	 Colonists retaliated by destroying Native villages Many Native men, women, and children were killed or 	
	Including Metacom's	
	Significance of the War	
	 The war reinforced the image of Natives as "" in the eyes of many colonists Native American resistance in New England 	
	 Colonists continued to expand on Native land after the war 	

Test Tips

- Multiple-Choice and Short Answer:
 - Causes and impacts
 - Connecting the result to another time period (battles)
- Essay Questions:
 - Could be included in an essay about ______
 - Synthesis point connecting the war to another time:
 - Battle of Wounded Knee Natives lost, little resistance to the American government afterwards, no longer a significant