Name:		
The Pueblo Revolt		

Big Idea Questions	Guided Notes	Areas of Concern		
	The New Curriculum and Encomiendas			
What does watershed event mean?	<ul> <li>Key Concept 2.2, II, B: "Spanish colonizing efforts in North America, particularly after the Pueblo Revolt, saw an accommodation with some aspects of American Indian culture; by contrast, conflict with American Indians tended to reinforce English colonists' worldviews on land and gender roles."         <ul> <li>Page 30 of the Curriculum framework</li> </ul> </li> <li>The Pueblo Revolt was a in Spanish colonization         <ul> <li>Since it is mentioned specifically, you should be very familiar with it</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
Background Info				
	<ul> <li>Pueblos: <ul> <li>Native Americans that were located in region of the US (New Mexico, Arizona)</li> <li>Pueblo is Spanish for; named after their distinct buildings</li> <li> defeated the Pueblos</li> <li>Spanish established Santa Fe in 1610</li> </ul> </li> <li>Spanish ruled the Pueblos</li> <li>2,000 Spanish and 30,000 Pueblos</li> <li>The Rebellion</li> <li>Why did it occur?</li> </ul>			
What does assimilate mean?	<ul> <li>Why did it occur?</li> <li>Spanish priests and government</li> <li>Spanish demanded from Natives</li> <li>What happened?</li> <li>Pope (Native religious leader) killed hundreds and forced Spanish to flee</li> <li>Spanish to flee</li> <li>Spanish regained control in</li> <li>Significance?</li> <li>Spanish sought to the Natives</li> <li>Pueblos were given more from the Spanish</li> </ul> Over for one more section			
	Over for one more section			