

Period 2: 1607 – 1754

Why 1607 – 1754 was chosen as the dates for period 2	Characteristics of Spanish colonization
Characteristics of French and Dutch colonization	Characteristics of English colonization
Reasons for the emergence of the Atlantic Slave Trade	
Ways Africans resisted slavery	Characteristics of New England Colonies

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<p>Sought tight control over the colonies and focused on converting and exploiting the Natives. (Think 3 Gs)</p>	<p>1607 = 1st English permanent settlement in Jamestown; 1754 = start of the 7 Years War</p>
<p>Colonies were based on agriculture; large number of men and women inhabited the colonies; relatively hostile relations with Native Americans.</p>	<p>Fewer inhabitants than other countries; focused on trade, alliances, and intermarriage with Native Americans. Heavy focus on furs (beaver)</p>
	<p>Large amount of land for farming; shortage of indentured servants (Post-1676 Bacon's Rebellion); hard to enslave Natives (diseases); European demand for goods (tobacco)</p>
<p>Founded primarily by Puritans, that wanted a group of like-minded individuals; close-knit, longer life expectancies; mixed economy of farming and trade</p>	<p>Overt and covert methods such as: rebellion (although not often), sabotaging equipment, and running away</p>

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Characteristics of middle colonies	Characteristics of Southern colonies
Pueblo Revolt	Anglicization of the British Colonies
The Enlightenment	Mercantilism

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<p>Chesapeake (MD and VA) and North Carolina was based on tobacco – relied on indentured servants early on, later replaced by African slaves</p>	<p>Religiously, ethnically, and demographically diverse of all the colonies. (Think Quakers – religiously tolerant.) Economy was based on grains.</p>
<p>Process of colonies acting “British”; was influenced by political communities based on English models, commercial ties, trans-Atlantic print culture, religious toleration, and spread of Enlightenment</p>	<p>Native American revolt against the Spanish in late 17th century; expelled the Spanish for over 10 years; Spain began to take an accommodating approach to Natives after the revolt</p>
<p>Economic policy that focuses on making \$ for the mother country. It favors a positive balance of trade for the mother country and the accumulation of gold and silver</p>	<p>Time period focused on reason and promoting new forms of government (Locke, Montesquieu); influenced the American Revolution</p>