## Name: \_\_\_

Brown v. Board of Education Video Guide

Big Idea Questions	Guided Notes	Areas of Concern
	Key Ideas Before the Case	
	Jim Crow Laws	
	<ul> <li>Southern laws that legally</li> </ul>	
	individuals based on race	
	Plessy v. Ferguson	
	<ul> <li>Established ""</li> </ul>	
	Double V Campaign	
	<ul> <li>Victory over fascism and victory over discrimination in the US</li> </ul>	
	Key People	
	•	
	<ul> <li>lead plaintiff, although it was a class-action law suit involving</li> </ul>	
	many individuals	
	<ul> <li>Lawyer for Brown, future justice on the Supreme Court</li> </ul>	
	Earl Warren	
	The Supreme Court Decision	
	In a unanimous decision, the Supreme Court reversed the	
	<ul> <li>decision</li> <li>"Separate but equal" facilities were inherently</li> </ul>	
	States must desegregate schools with ""	
	segregation is a violation	
	<ul> <li>Segregation by government law</li> </ul>	
	Effects of the Court Case	
	Many Southern states resisted integration	
	<ul> <li>Favoring closing schools rather than desegregating them</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>"Little Rock Nine"</li> </ul>	
	Southern:	
	<ul> <li>99 Southern politicians signed a document protesting the</li> </ul>	
	Court's decision	
	<ul> <li>Desegregation focused on public and private facilities</li> </ul>	
	□, etc.	
	Civil Rights Acts of the 1960s helped end other forms of discrimination	