

Name: _____

Chapter 29 Video Guide for Connecting With The Past

Big Idea Questions	Guided Notes	Areas of Concern
<p>Why did people watching on TV think JFK “won?”</p> <p>What were the two immigration acts from the 1920s?</p> <p>What other “ins” were there?</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Expanding the Liberal State</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Election of 1960:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Kennedy (D) v. Nixon (R)• _____ played an important role• Kennedy won in a close election• New Frontier – _____• LBJ’s “Great Society”<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Focused on domestic programs including civil rights, poverty, and education• Built on ideas and programs laid forth from The _____• War on Poverty:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Office of Economic Opportunity:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Administered money to various programs and areas of the country, particularly _____• Medicare:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Medical assistance and insurance for _____ Americans• Medicaid:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Health care for lower _____ families and individuals• _____ (HUD)<ul style="list-style-type: none">• _____ position created during LBJ’s administration• Focused on urban development and renewal• (Still around today)• Immigration Act of 1965:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Eliminated _____• Impact of the Great Society?<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Several programs are still around today• Poverty was reduced in the 1960s• _____• _____	
	<p style="text-align: center;">The Battle For Racial Equality</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Greensboro, North Carolina Sit-in, February 1, 1960<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 4 black students sat at a segregated counter of a _____• Inspired _____ across the country• Congress of Racial Equality (CORE)<ul style="list-style-type: none">• “Freedom riders” wanted to challenge _____ buses in the South• _____:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 28 year old black Air Force Veteran registered at University of Mississippi• Kennedy ordered 30,000 troops to restore order• Eugene “Bull” Connor:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Used _____ to break up protests	

<p>What was the name of Thoreau's writing that inspired MLK?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Letter from a Birmingham Jail" <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drew on _____ ideas of civil disobedience • Governor George Wallace <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vowed to avoid _____ at the University of Alabama • Kennedy realized he could no longer negotiate the issue of civil rights • August 28, 1963: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • " _____ " • Civil Rights Act of 1964: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Guaranteed _____ to public accommodations • Government could cut off funds where discrimination occurred • Voting Rights Act of 1965: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Federal government could register voters • Eliminated _____ for voting • 24th Amendment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eliminated _____ • De Jure Discrimination: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discrimination by _____ • De Facto Discrimination: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discrimination by _____ • _____ (1965): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 6 day riot in August; 34 people died; other racial riots occurred in other cities • " _____ ": <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Movement "away from interracial cooperation and toward increased awareness of racial distinctiveness." (p. 816) • Inspired by _____ from the 1920s • Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Later, under the leadership of _____, SNCC focused on black power • Black Panthers (1966): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Huey Newton and Bobby Seale • Advocated the _____ of blacks against white police • Malcolm X: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advocated "black revolution" and black separatism • Appealed to _____ African Americans • Assassinated in February, 1965 	
<p>How did whites get around poll taxes and literacy tests in the 19th century?</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">"Flexible Response" and The Cold War</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Flexible Response" <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Developed a plan to find new ways of combating the Cold War • _____ • _____ developed under JFK • Alliance for Progress: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$ billions were pledged to improve the economy in _____ • Peace Corps: Created in 1961 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Young Americans that would serve 24 months over seas 	
<p>What was the Marshall Plan?</p>		

- _____, etc.
- Focused on social and economic development
- Hoped to improve countries and resist communism
- _____
 - Cuban exiles (trained by US) would invade Cuba
 - April, 1961 the invasion takes place
 - US does not directly get involved
 - The invasion is a _____
 - Impact:
 - Cuba and USSR worry about future invasions
- Berlin Wall:
 - Between 1949 and 1961, over 2.5 million East Germans fled Soviet-controlled East Germany through West Berlin
 - August 13, 1961, Soviets began _____
- Cuban Missile Crisis
 - On October 14, US surveillance discover missiles with _____
 - Could destroy most of the US
 - JFK _____ Cuba
 - Would not allow other Soviet ships in
 - Eventually, the Soviet Union withdrew missiles
 - _____
 - _____
 - Impact?
 - “_____” established

The Agony of Vietnam

- _____ (1954):
 - France withdrew from French Indochina (Vietnam)
 - US presence in Vietnam _____
- North Vietnam = Communist
- South Vietnam = Noncommunist
 - Divided at the _____ parallel
- *** _____ ***
 - American ships were supposedly attacked
 - Provided a “_____” to Johnson in Vietnam
 - Increase in _____ during war

The Traumas of 1968

- Tet Offensive:
 - Attack by North Vietnam during the Vietnamese New Year
 - Led to an increase of _____ to the US in the war
- Johnson declares he won't run for re-election in 1968:
- 2 assassinations:
 - April 4 – _____
 - Riots broke out throughout the country
 - June 6 – _____
- The Democratic Convention of 1968:
 - Protests over the _____
 - Police and demonstrators clashed

Why did the US want to keep Vietnam from becoming communist?

