Name:	
Chapter 5 Video Guide for Connecting With The Past	

Big Idea Questions	Guided Notes	Areas of Concern
	The States United	
Why did the hiring of Hessians make the colonists so angry?	The States United  Olive Branch Petition:  Written after Lexington and Concord and Bunker Hill  Appeal to the King to stop conflict  by KG3  ***  British recruitments to fight Americans:  Native Americans  Southern slaves  Common Sense – T-Paine  January 1776, aimed at Americans that were "on the fence"  Urged Americans to from England  2nd Continental Congress:  Urged trading with all countries but England  July, 1776:  Loyalists:  Those that remained loyal to  Patriots:  Those that favored independence  Articles of Confederation:  Weak government  No executive branch  Couldn't	
	<ul> <li>France played an important role (aid)</li> <li>Check out APUSH Review: The Revolutionary War</li> </ul>	
Why is it important that governors could not hold seats in the legislatures?	The Creation of State Governments  Republicanism: All power comes from the  Equality for all? No Slavery still existed Women had few rights  State Constitutions: Governor s could not hold in legislatures Property requirements for voting  Religious Toleration:	

	Statute of Religious Freedom	
	Slavery:	
	Outlawed in states	
	Persisted in border and southern states	
	The Search For a National Government	
	The Articles:	
	<ul><li>Very strong branch</li></ul>	
	Powers under the Articles:	
	<ul> <li>Conduct foreign relations</li> </ul>	
NA/love in it a manalalama	o Borrow	
Why is it a problem that each state	Powers not given under the Articles	
could create its	Could not regulate trade	
own money?	<ul> <li>Could not collect taxes</li> </ul>	
Own money:	Problems with Articles:	
	o 13 states required approval to the Articles	
	Representation was for each state	
	Foreign Policy Problems:	
	Britain did not follow Treaty of of 1783	
	Land Ordinance of 1785:	
	Congress could survey and western lands	
	o sections: sale from one section went towards public	
	schools	
	Northwest Land Ordinance of 1787:	
	Once a territory reached people, it could	
	apply for statehood	
	o Slavery was in NW territory	
	Treaty of Greenville:	
	<ul> <li>Treaty with Native Americans, many moved out of</li> </ul>	
	and Indiana territories	
	Postwar Depression: 1784 – 1787	
	<ul> <li>Country is in debt – Articles can't enforce taxation</li> </ul>	
	• Farmers:	
	Many were in debt, favored increasing the	
	o Farmers vs. wealthy	
	Shays' Rebellion:	
	Former Rev. War vet	
	o Called for:	
	• Paper \$	
	• relief	
	Elimination of imprisonment for	
	End of foreclosures	
	o Significance:	
	SHOWED that the Articles were	
	More people advocated a	
	central government	