### How would George Washington view the Neutrality Act of 1935? Why?

**The Road To War**

- **The Rise of Fascism**
  - Authoritarian government with nationalism and militarism
  - Japan and Italy:
    - Japan expanded due to a need for _____________ and markets
    - Invasion of ________________ in 1931
  - Italy invaded Ethiopia
  - League of Nations did not intervene in either case
- **Hitler’s Germany:**
  - Hitler was granted dictator powers
  - Sought to expand (_______________) and
  - Began to persecute Jews
  - Rome-Berlin Axis - alliance between Italy and Germany
- **War Approaches**
  - Nye Committee (1934) - alleged that the US became involved in WWI to make $ for ______________ companies
  - Inspired the Neutrality Act of 1935 - US could not sell weapons to _______________ (warring) countries
  - The Popular Front:
    - Advocated ________________ intervention
    - Supported the Loyalists in the Spanish Civil War
  - The Failure of Appeasement:
    - ________________ Conference - Germany was given the Sudetenland
      - PM Chamberlain proclaimed “Peace for our time”
      - Hitler knew Europeans would NOT stand up to him
    - September 1, 1939 - Germany invaded ______________
    - A significant majority of Americans supported ________________
- **Isolationalism and Internationalism:**
  - Committee to ________________ America:
    - Advocated that the US aided allies
  - America First Committee:
    - Isolationists - ________________
  - FDR traded destroyers with Great Britain for military bases
  - 1st peacetime draft in history occurred in ___________
  - 4 Freedoms Speech:
    - Freedoms that everyone should enjoy
    - Linked the war with ________________
  - Lend-Lease Act:
    - US could lend military supplies to countries
deemed vital to US________________________
  • Atlantic Charter:
    • FDR and Winston Churchill - focused on post WWII goals - ____________________________
    • ____________________________
• The Attack on Pearl Harbor
  • 1937 “__________________________” Speech:
    • FDR encouraged economic sanctions against Japan in response to invasion of China
  • US froze Japanese assets in US and placed an______________ in 1941
  • December 7, 1941 - Japan attacked __________________________

Organizing for Victory

• Financing the War
  • Revenue Act of 1942 - increased number of Americans paying taxes
    • In addition to taxes, the government ________________ $ to pay for the war
  • War Productions Board:
    • Encouraged businesses to begin military production (GM and Ford)
    • Henry Kaiser - contractor, applied Ford’s mass production techniques to ________________ construction
• Mobilizing the American Fighting Force
  • ___________ million Americans joined the armed forces
  • African Americans remained _____________________________
  • Native Americans played an instrumental role - “______________ _____________________________”
  • _______________ predominantly did clerical, communications, and health care work
• Workers and the War Effort
  • ________________:
    • Women were encouraged to help in the war effort
    • Often paid less than men
    • Post-WWII women were encouraged to go back to the ________________
• Wartime Civil Rights:
  • ____________________________ campaign:
    • Victory abroad against Fascism, Victory at home over ________________
  • ________________:
    • Planned a march on Washington, led to Executive Order ________________:
      • Forbid discrimination in defense industries based on race
    • Congress of Racial Equality - created in 1942, would become influential in the ________________
• Organized Labor:
When else in history was there a “Great Migration”?

- Board established pay, hours, and working conditions
- ___________________________ Act - prohibited strikes in defense industries
- Politics in Wartime
  - Servicemen’s Readjustment Act (___________________)
  - Provided education, loans, mortgages, etc. for returning soldiers

**Life on the Home Front**

- “For the Duration”
  - Americans helped out by recycling, building “_____________ gardens,” rationing, etc.
  - Shortage of consumer goods encouraged __________________________
- Migration and the Wartime City
  - 15 million Americans moved during the war
    - Took jobs in __________________________
    - California benefitted more than any other state
- Racial Conflict:
  - __________________________ - popular clothing worn by Mexican American teenagers
  - Zoot Suit Riot - Conflict in Southern California between __________________________ and Mexican Americans
- Gay and Lesbian Communities:
  - Strong gay communities emerged in large ____________ (significant in the 1960s and 70s)
- Japanese Removal
  - Executive Order __________________________:
    - Forced removal of Japanese Americans on west coast to relocation camps during the war
    - _______ of those affected were Nisei - American born Japanese citizens
    - Upheld via __________________________ (1944)

**Fighting and Winning the War**

- Wartime Aims and Tensions
  - Big 3 - FDR, Churchill, and Stalin
  - Tehran Conference - Churchill and FDR agreed to open a 2nd front in France
- The War in Europe
  - Soviet Union pushed Germany out in 1944
  - __________________________:
    - June 6, 1944 - invasion of Normandy by allies
    - Turning point in the war
- The Holocaust:
  - ____ million Jews were killed
  - __________________________ - US turned away a German ship with 1,000 Jewish refugees
  - Only 21,000 Jewish refugees were allowed to enter the
US during the war

- The War in the Pacific
  - Battle of ____________ - turning point in the Pacific War
  - ____________ Conference - last meeting of the Big 3
- The Atomic Bomb and the End of the War
  - ________________ Project - $2 billion project to build the atomic bomb - J. Robert Oppenheimer
  - July 16, 1945 - Trinity Test in NM
  - Hiroshima (August 6) and Nagasaki (August 9)
    - Many believed a Japanese invasion would cost up to a ________________ Allied lives
  - ________________ Conference (July, 1945) - Allies called for unconditional surrender of Japan
- The Toll of the War
  - 50 million people were killed worldwide
  - 100 million were wounded

**Quick Recap**

- _____________________________________________________________
- _____________________________________________________________
- _____________________________________________________________
- _____________________________________________________________
- _____________________________________________________________
- _____________________________________________________________
- _____________________________________________________________
- _____________________________________________________________