Why 1800 - 1848 was chosen as the dates for period 4	Federalists
Democratic-Republicans	Democrats
Whigs	Supreme Court decisions during this time (Think Marshall Court)
Second Great Awakening	Xenophobia

Political Party led by Hamilton
– pro-British; supported by the
wealthy; pro-merchants and
trade; Favored the National
Bank (BUS); loose
interpretation

Beginning with Jefferson's presidency (Revolution of 1800), ending with the Seneca Falls Convention and Mexican American War

Party led by Jackson –
"Common Man"; pro states'
rights; against the BUS

Political Party led by Jefferson
– pro-French; supported by
middle-class and farmers; proagriculture; against the BUS;
strict interpretation

Asserted federal power of states (McCulloch v. Maryland, Gibbons v. Ogden); judicial branch determined the meaning of Constitution (Marbury v. Madison)

Political Party led by Henry Clay! Favored the BUS and the American System; strong legislative branch; against "King Andrew I"

Fear of foreigners – helped give rise to a **nativist** movement that was Anti-Catholic

Inspired many to achieve perfection on earth; helped influence reform movements (abolitionism, women's rights, temperance, etc.)

American System	Market Revolution
Missouri Compromise (Compromise of 1820)	Louisiana Purchase

Drastic changes in transportation (canals, RRs), communication (telegraph), and the production of goods (more in factories as opposed to houses)

Henry Clay's! idea to unify the economy through: BUS, internal improvements, and tariffs. More successful in unifying the North and Midwest than South

Doubled size of US, opened up land for expansion; Jefferson changed interpretation from strict to loose

Temporary truce over slavery issue, 3 parts: MO added as a slave state, ME added as a free state, above 36°30′ line = free, below = slave